TANZANIA (RUVUMA) VULNERABILITY SURVEY 2004 Research on Poverty Alleviation, Food and Agriculture Organization and World Bank

Village Questionnaire (February 2004) (to be answered by village committee/council or focus group of knowledgeable villagers)

Date of interview	:day		month	
	Region	District	Ward	Village
Name				
Code				
1=Kilimanjaro 2=Ruvuma Alama ya Wilaya 1=Songea vijijini 2=Tunduru 3=Mbinga 4=Namtumbo 5=Songea mjini	14 A. Alama ya kijiji 1= Mlete 2= Muhukuru barabarani 3=Morogoro 4=Madaba 5=Sisi kwa sisi 6=Namiungo 7=Namakambele 8=Tuwemacho 9=Chiungo 10=Angalia 1 11=Mcheshi	12=Wenje 13=Mchotekari 14=Mbesa 15=Kitanda 16=Nampungu 17=Namakungwa 18=Litorongi 19=Lipumba 20=Mkwaya 21=Ndondo 22=Chiulu/Chiula	23=Kingeriti 24=Kibandai A 25=Mango 26=Langiro asili 27=Mahenge 28=Tukuzi 29=Ulolela 30=Kipololo 31=Mpepai 32=Kitura 33=Ligera	34=Mlilayoyo 35=Naikesi 36=Likuyu/Sekam anga

Note – codes for ward and village are the same

Enumerator – please record the various readings of latitude, longitude and altitude of the village. Take the place of interview as point of reference. Readings should be between 9° and 12° South (of Equator) latitude and 34°30'00' and 38°30'00' East of Greenwich longitudinally.

	Latitude (xx°xx'xx''S)	Longitude (xx°xx'xx''E)	Altitude (meters)
1 st reading			
2 nd reading			
3 rd reading			

	name	Code
Enumerator		
Supervisor		
Data enterer		

Note to Enumerator – please use following codes throughout the questionnaire

99= respondent does not know, does not remember or refuses to answer, but the answer is not necessarily zero

88=not applicable (question irrelevant for the respondent)

A. Information about Village Respondents

(1=almost everyone; 2=about three quarters; 3=about half;

4=about a quarter; 5=very few; 6=none)

May we please ask you a few questions about yourselves before we start the interview	ew?						
A.1 How many men are present at this meeting?	A.6 How many people present have completed:						
A.2 How many women are present?	A. no formal schooling B. some primary C. primary d. some secondary e. form IV f. form VI						
A.3.A. Is the village chairman present? (1=yes; 2=no) B. gender of chair (1=male; 2=female) C. age D years served as chair	A.7 Number of people present vincome is farming	whose main activity in terms of total	1				
A.4 Is village executive officer present?	A.8 Number of public sector en	nployees present					
A.5 Number of other elected officials present							
	A.16 Ethnic composition of	A. Code1=Matengo; 2=Ndendenle	B.Propor				
A.9A. How many <u>people</u> live in the village now?	village	3=Ngoni; 4=Yao; 5=Nyaze	tion (%)				
(incl. those temporarily away)	1. Most numerous group						
	2. 2 nd most numerous						
A.10 How many <u>households</u> live in the village?	A.17 Religious composition of	Code (1= Christian, 2=Muslim,	Proportio				
	village	3=others)	n (%)				
A.11 How many new <u>households</u> have moved into this	1. Most numerous group						
village from outside during the past 5 yrs?	2. 2 nd numerous important						
A.12 How many <u>households</u> from this village have left	A.18 Are there organized villag	e meetings to discuss					
the village permanently in the last five years?	village issues? (1=yes.	, 2=no)					
A.13 Has this village ever requested or received financial support from an	A.19 How often are these meeti	ings held?					
association of former inhabitants of the village or surrounding area over the past 5	(1=week, 2=month, 3=year)?	Atimes per B.					
years. (1=Y,2=No)							
A.14 In how many households do members often migrate temporarily to work	A.20 About how many people d	lo attend?					
elsewhere (1=almost everyone; 2=about three quarters; 3=about half;	range for the second second property						
4=about a quarter; 5=very few; 6=none)	A.21 Not including the village committee, how many economic or social organizations are there?						
A.15 Do households generally receive remittances?	A.22 How many of these organizations are active?						

B. Geographical and agro-ecological information about the village

	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
	Jan	Feb	Mrch	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
B1. In which months does it normally												
rain and how much does it rain in each												
of those months? (0=no rain; 1= little bit												
of rain; 2=moderate rain; 3= lot of rain)												
B2. How did the rains last year compare												
to normal in each month (1=much above												
normal; 2=somewhat above normal;												
3=around normal; 4=somewhat below normal; 5=much below normal)?												
B3. Indicate for the following crops												
during which months they are normally												
planted (P), weeded (W), harvested												
(H) and sold (S) in this village												
B3a.1 Maize (P, W, H)												
B3a.2Maize (S)												
B3b.1 Paddy rice (P, W, H)												
B3b.2 Paddy rice (S)												
B3c.1 Beans (P, W, H)												
B3c.2 Beans (S)												
B3d.1 Cassava (P, W, H)												
B3d.2 Cassave (S)												
B3e.1 Coffee (P, W, H)												
B3e.2 Coffee(S)												
B3f.1 Tobacco (P, W, H)												
B3f.2 Tobacco (S)												
B3g.1 Cashew (P, W, H)												
B3g.2 Cashew (S)												
B4 How much CASH expenditures do												
households typically have in each												
month? (0=almost none; 1=a little bit;												
2=some; 3=a lot)												
B5 How high is the demand for hired												
labor during each of the following												
months? (0=no demand; 1=some												
demand; 3=high demand)]]										

B6. Is it difficult for anyone (including residents and non-residents) to obtain a plot of land in this village? 2=no)?	(1=yes;
B7. If yes, why? (1=too expensive; 2=not many plots available; 3=both; 4=other - explain B)	A
B8. How many households in the village grow coffee?	
B9. How many households in the village grow tobacco?	
B10. How many households in the village grow cashew nuts?	
B11. What is the distance to the nearest town (km)?	

B12. How many people live in that town?	
B13. How many hours does a truck take to go to the nearest town during the dry season? Hours A	_ Min B
B14. How many hours does a truck take to go to the nearest town during the rainy season? Hours A	Min B

C. Socio-economic information about the village

Is there a in the village?	A.	B. If yes, did	C. If n	o, distance to	nearest similar facility?
	1=yes	services start since	1. In	2. In	3. Code
	2=no	1= last year	km	minutes	1=foot
		2= bw 2 and 5		(usual	2=bicycle
		years ago		mode of	3=motorcycle
		3 = > 5 yrs ago		transport).	4=public transport (bus, taxi)
					5=private transport (car, truck)
C1.Elementary school					
C2. Junior secondary school					
C3. Senior secondary school					
C4. Health center					
C5 Hospital					
C6. Bore hole for water					
C7. Village well					
C8. Public water tap					
C9. Market					
C10. All weather road (tarmac)					
C11. All weather road (gravel)					
C12. Electricity					
C13. Public telephone					
C14. Possible to receive cell phone					
C15. Bus service to nearby town?					
C16. Village bank or other formal					
credit society or association					
C17. Agricultural Extension agent					
C18. Veterinary service					
C19. Sales point for agricultural					
inputs (fertilizer, seeds,)?					
C20. Primary society?					

D. Information on shocks

I would like to ask you about important shocks that have taken place in this village over the past 10 yrs, i.e. since the 1993 drought (1993 drought not included) IS THERE ANY POINT OF REFERENCE INDICATING 10YRS AGO? Shocks are events which happen unexpectedly and which can cause substantial damage to people's livelihoods.

Shocks are events which happen unexp	i -		uostantia		o people	Silveilliot		
Event description	A.	В		C			D	
	Has it ever							
	taken place in	How		ch years c			proportion	
	your village	many		ccur starti			olds in the	
	since 10 years	times	the m	ost recent	year?		ected by the	
	ago (i.e. since	did the				starting	g with most	recent
	the 1993	event					year?	
	drought)?	occur						
		over					%	
	1=Yes; 2=No	past 10	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(2)	(2)
		years?	(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
	If "No", go to		Year1	Year2	Year3	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
	next event.							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
D1. Fire								
D2. Flood								
D3. Drought								
D4. Irregular rainfall pattern (too								
late, too early,)								
D5 Unexpected drop in cereal prices								
from one year to the other								
D6 Unexpected drop in coffee prices								
from one year to the other								
D7. Unexpected drop in tobacco								
prices from one year to the other								
D8. Unexpected drop in cashew								
prices from one year to the other								
D9. Sudden decline in local								
employment opportunities								
D10 Collapse in remittances								
D11 Epidemic (malaria, cholera,)								
D12. Pest,/insect attacks								
D13 Animal disease								
D14 Banditry/thefts								
D15 Others (Specify)								

D.16 How have rains been compared to normal in the year before last	
(1=much higher; 2=somewhat higher; 3=about normal; 4=somewhat lower; 5=much lower)	
D.17 Did the rains come on time the year before last?	
(1=early; 2=on time; 3=somewhat late; 4= very late)?	

E. Labor and input market information

We would like to ask you some questions on the daily standard agricultural wage rate for adults. Note that this rate should be the sum of the remunerations **received in cash as well as those received in kind**, i.e. the cost of non-cash wage items such as meals, part of the harvest, etc.? If compensation for hired labor is typically not expressed in daily wage rates, we would like to ask you how much it typically costs to perform a number of tasks and how many man days it typically takes. We would first like to ask you about the daily agricultural wage rates for adults.

Activities

(A)Land
(B)
(C)
(D)

it typically takes. We would first like to ask you about the daily		Ÿ		1
Activities	(A)Land preparation	(B) Planting	(C) Weeding	(D) Harvesting
E.1 What was the adult agricultural wage rate last year for each of the following activities (Tsh/day)?	preparation		- Wooding	Tractosung
E.2 Was the agricultural daily wage rate in the year before last co. (1. much higher 2. a bit higher 3. about the same 4. a bit lower 5.		year	_	
If daily wage rates are unknown and expressed as a lump sum for (if E1 – E2 were answered, go directly to E6)	a particular tas	sk, what was	s on average'	?
E.3 the total labor cost of preparing 1 acre of land last year and h	now long does i	t take on av	erage A	(Tsh) B (d
E.4 the total labor cost of weeding 1 acre of land last year and he	ow long does it	take on ave	rage A	_(Tsh) B(day
E.5 What was on average the total labor cost of preparing 1 acre	of land in the y	ear before l	ast	(Tsh)
E.6 Where does hired labor mostly come from? (1=this village; 2=neighboring villages; 3=this district; 4=this	s region; 5=othe	er regions; 6	=outside Ta	nanzia)?
E.7 During the peak season month for labour demand do some vi or town to work? (1=yes, 2=no)?	llage members	go to other	villages	
E.8 What is the price of 1 bag of Urea and how many kg does it of	contain?	A	price (T	SH) B kg
E.9 What is the price of 1 bag of DAP and how many kg does it of	contain?	A	price (T	SH) B kg
E.10 At the sales point for agricultural inputs mentioned in C19, (1=yes; 2=no)?	is fertilizer typi	cally physic	ally availabl —	e when needed
F. Marketing information				
F1. How many different traders/companies visited the village last	t year to buy n	naize?		
F2. How many different traders/companies visited the village last	t year to buy co	offee?		
F3. How many different traders/companies visited the village last	t year to buy ca	ashew nuts	?	
F4 Which company did the primary society sell its tobacco to?		_		
F5 Could the primary society have sold tobacco to other compani	ies as well? (1=	yes; 2=no)		
F6 Why did the primary society choose this tobacco company?				

G.	Farmer	Field	Schools	S

G1 Has the village participated in the farmer field school program	
of the government?	
(1=yes, 2=no). If yes, go to G2. If no, conclude the interview	
G2 In what year did it start?	
G3 For which crops?	
G4 How many years has the village participated?	